

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

In re Terrorist Attacks on September 11, 2001	03-md-1570 (GBD)(SN) ECF Case
This document relates to: <i>Ashton et al. v. al Qaeda Islamic Army, et al.</i> , (and member case <i>Burlingame, et al. v. Bin Laden, et al.</i>)	02-cv-6977 (GBD)(SN) 02-cv-7230 (GBD)(SN) ECF Case

The *Burlingame X* Wrongful Death Plaintiffs’ Motion for Partial Final Judgments

For the reasons set forth below, and the statements contained in the declaration of Frank H. Granito III, Esq. (“Granito Declaration”), the *Burlingame X* Plaintiffs, a subset of *Ashton* plaintiffs,¹ by and through their counsel, Speiser Krause, PC, respectfully move this Court to award in its case: (1) economic damages as described herein against the Islamic Republic of Iran (“Iran”); and (3) prejudgment interest on those damages as set forth below. This motion is made only on behalf of *Burlingame* plaintiffs listed in Exhibit A attached to the Granito Declaration, in light of this Court's previous orders granting permission to allow certain remaining *Burlingame* plaintiffs to move for this relief. *See* 03-md-01570 (GBD)(SN) (02-cv-7230) Doc. No. 5453, Filed 01/07/20.

Having already been awarded partial judgments for the conscious pain and suffering of their decedents, the awards in the attached proposed order will constitute partial final

¹ The *Burlingame* (02-cv-7230) and *Ashton* (02-cv-6977) matters were Ordered consolidated for liability purposes and mandated to proceed under the *Ashton, et al. v. al Qaeda Islamic Army, et al.* master docket number 02-cv-6977, with the filing of a consolidated master complaint, and attorney James Kreindler was appointed Liaison Counsel for the consolidated actions within the *Ashton* master complaint. *See* 02-cv-6977, Doc. No. 15, Entered 11/19/2002. The *Burlingame* plaintiffs remain segregated within all consolidated *Ashton* filings and are identified therein according to their separate docket number and counsel. *See, e.g.*, 02-cv-6977, Doc. No. 465, filed 03/30/2005.

awards and judgments against the Islamic Republic of Iran in the matter brought by the *Burlingame* plaintiffs listed on Exhibit A.

I. Procedural Background

Based on evidence and arguments submitted by various plaintiffs in this consolidated multi-district litigation arising out of the September 11, 2001, terror attacks, this Court previously issued a default judgment on liability against Iran to all *Ashton* plaintiffs (including the *Burlingame* plaintiffs listed on Exhibit A) for claims arising out of the deaths of the plaintiffs' decedents (the "*Ashton* wrongful death plaintiffs"). *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. No. 3008, Entered 08/26/2015. Thereafter, the *Ashton* wrongful death plaintiffs (including the *Burlingame* plaintiffs listed on Exhibit A) moved for partial summary judgment for the conscious pain and suffering that their decedents suffered before death, which a December 28, 2015 Report and Recommendation to this Court recommended be granted, and recommended awarding a default judgment against Iran in the amount of \$7,556,880,000, representing compensatory damages of \$2 million per decedent and punitive damages of \$6.88 million per decedent. *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. No. 3175, Entered 12/28/2015. Certain *Ashton* wrongful death plaintiffs (including one of the *Burlingame* plaintiffs) moved for default judgments on economic damages as well. This Court granted those motions. *See, e.g.*, 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. Nos. 3229, Entered 03/09/2016 (adopting December 28, 2015 Report and Recommendation awarding damages for conscious pain and suffering); 3386, Entered 10/31/2016 (awarding damages for economic loss); Doc. No. 3386, Entered 5/29/2018 (awarding damages for economic and non-economic losses); Doc. No. 5466, Entered 01/08/2020 (awarding damages for economic and non-economic losses) and Doc. No. 5467, Entered 01/08/2020 (awarding damages for economic and

non-economic losses).

The Report and Recommendation also concluded that to the extent the *Ashton* wrongful death plaintiffs' claims arose out of injuries in New York State the rate of prejudgment interest was 9 percent per annum from September 11, 2001, until the date judgment was entered and to the extent the injuries arose elsewhere 4.96 percent interest per annum compounded annually was appropriate. *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. No. 3175, Entered 12/28/2015, pp. 1-2. In addition to awarding pre-death conscious pain and suffering in certain wrongful death actions, this Court previously considered the issue of solatium damages suffered by certain of the *Ashton* plaintiffs and the economic damages arising out certain of the *Ashton* plaintiffs' cases. In connection with a first group of *Ashton* plaintiffs ("*Ashton I*"), this Court found, among other things, that an award to the immediate family members of each decedent was proper and that prejudgment interest on the solatium loss amounts was warranted. *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv- 6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. No. 2623, Entered 10/03/12, pp. 4 – 5; 03-md-1570 (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. No. 3300, Filed 06/16/2016, p. 1. The District Court adopted that Report and Recommendation in its entirety in connection with the application made by the *Ashton I* claimants. *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. No. 3229, Entered 03/09/2016.

In connection with the motion for final judgment for a different group of plaintiffs, an October 14, 2016 Report and Recommendation disagreed with the prior conclusion on punitive damages and permitted plaintiffs to file supplemental briefing at a later date to justify their claim to punitive damages. *See* 03-md-1570 (11-cv-7550) Doc. No. 3358, Entered 10/12/2016, pp. 1 – 16. The October 14, 2016 Report and Recommendation also adopted a rate of prejudgment

interest of 4.96 percent, regardless of where the injuries arose. *Id.*, p. 20. A second group of *Ashton* plaintiffs ("*Ashton II*") moved for final judgment on all claims against the Islamic Republic of Iran, asking to defer the issue of punitive damages and employing the 4.96 percent prejudgment interest rate previously adopted by this Court. *See* 03-md-1570 (11-cv-7550) Doc. No. 3370, Entered 10/21/2016. On October 31, 2016, this Court granted the *Ashton II* proposed order. *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977), Doc. No. 3387, Entered 10/31/2016. A third group of *Ashton* plaintiffs ("*Ashton III*") then moved for final judgments as well, also employing the 4.96 percent prejudgment interest rate. *See* Doc. No. 3686, Entered 08/16/2017 (Motion for Final Judgment for *Ashton III* claimants including claims for solatium damages). On 08/22/2017 this Court granted the *Ashton III* proposed order. Doc. No. 3706. A fourth group of *Ashton* Plaintiffs followed ("*Ashton IV*"), and the Court granted their similar request employing a 4.96 percent prejudgment interest rate. *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977), Doc. No. 3977, Entered 04/24/2018 (Motion for Final Judgment for *Ashton IV* claimants including claims for solatium damages) Doc. No. 3979 Entered 04/25/2018 (granting proposed order). On April 27, 2018, the first of the *Burlingame* subset of *Ashton* plaintiffs moved for final judgments, similarly employing a 4.96 percent prejudgment interest rate. *See* Doc. No. *See* 02-cv-6977, Doc. No. 897, Entered 04/27/2018. The Court granted the *Burlingame* Plaintiffs' proposed Order. *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. No. 3987, Filed 04/30/2018. The previous *Burlingame* Plaintiffs to have moved this Court for economic damages employed a 4.96 percent prejudgment interest rate. 02-cv-7230 (S.D.N.Y.)(GBD)(SN), Doc. No. 3386, Entered 5/29/2018.

In addition to economic losses, certain *Ashton* and *Burlingame* plaintiffs have previously moved this court for solatium damages suffered by those family members eligible to recover such

damages under 28 U.S.C. § 1605A. *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv-697), Doc. Nos. 3295, Entered 06/08/2016 (Motion for Final Judgment for *Ashton I* claimants including claims for solatium damages), 3356, Entered 10/11/2016 (Motion for Final Judgment for *Ashton II* claimants including claims for solatium damages); 3686, Entered 08/16/2017 (Motion for Final Judgment for *Ashton III* claimants including claims for solatium damages); and Doc. No. 3977, Entered 04/24/2018 (Motion for Final Judgment for *Ashton IV* claimants including claims for solatium damages). Multiple groups of *Burlingame* plaintiffs have also moved this court for solatium damages under 28 U.S.C. § 1605A. *See, e.g., Burlingame I*, Doc. No. *See* 02-cv-6977, Doc. No. 897, Entered 04/27/2018, *Burlingame II* 02-cv-7230 Doc. No. 18, Entered 05/25/2018, *Burlingame III*, Doc. No. 28, Entered 08/06/2018 and *Burlingame IV*, Doc. NO. 31 Entered 08/09/2018. This Court granted all these motions, finding that awards to the immediate family members of each decedent were proper and, as set forth above, that prejudgment interest on the solatium loss amounts was warranted. *See* 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (SN), Doc. Nos. 3300, Entered 06/16/16, 3387, Entered 10/31/2016, 3706, Entered 08/22/2017, 3987, Entered 04/30/2018, 4156, Entered 09/12/2018; and (02-cv-7230)(S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (SN), Doc. No. 22, Entered 05/29/2018 and Doc. No. 30, Entered 08/07/2018.

For the reasons below as well as those set forth in the prior motions made by the *Ashton* and *Burlingame* wrongful death plaintiffs, the *Burlingame X* listed in Exhibit A to the Granito Decl. now move this Court to grant the attached proposed Order awarding them economic damages as described below, and directing that pre-judgment interest be assessed at the rates previously awarded in connection with the previous *Ashton* and *Burlingame* plaintiffs' motions. The remaining *Burlingame* plaintiffs also ask for permission to continue to submit applications in subsequent stages on behalf of those claimants for whom motions have not

been submitted, should other applications be warranted.

II. Damages

Under 28 U.S.C. § 1605A (“Section 1605A”), which applies to the claims against Iran, damages are available under the federal law and include money damages “for personal injury or death.” *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1605 A(a)(1) and (c)(4). The damages available to plaintiffs in Section 1605A action include “economic damages, solatium, pain and suffering, and punitive damages.” 28 U.S.C. § 1605A(c)(4). That is, the “estates of those who [died] can recover economic losses stemming from wrongful death of the decedent, family members can recover solatium for their emotional injury, and all plaintiffs can recover punitive damages.” *Valore v. Islamic Republic of Iran*, 700 F.Supp.2d 52, 83 (D.D.C. 2010). As this Court has previously held, all *Ashton* plaintiffs, including the *Burlingame* subset of Plaintiffs, are therefore entitled to compensation under Section 1605A for the solatium and economic losses suffered as a result of the wrongful death of each of their decedents.

A. Economic Damages

The FSIA specifically provides for economic damages. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1605A(c). The economic damages provision is “designed to compensate [a] decedent's heirs-at-law for economic losses which result from [the] decedent's premature death.” *Flatow v. Islamic Republic of Iran*, 999 F.Supp. 1, 27 (D.D.C. 1998). Accordingly, “the beneficiaries of each decedent's estate [are] . . . entitled to recover the present value of economic damages, including lost wages that the decedents might reasonably have been expected to earn but for their wrongful deaths.” *Valore v. Islamic Republic of Iran*, 700 F. Supp. 2d 52, 81-82 (D.D.C. 2010), citing *Heiser*, 466 F.Supp.2d 229. Thus, for example, United States District Court Royce C. Lamberth of the District of Columbia, in a series of decisions issuing final judgments against

the Islamic Republic of Iran under the FSIA, has held Iran “liable for the economic damages caused to decedents' estates.” *Roth v. Islamic Republic of Iran*, 78 F. Supp. 3d 379, 399-400 (D.D.C. 2015), quoting *Valore*, 700 F.Supp.2d at 78.²

Previously, this Court awarded economic damages to certain *Ashton* plaintiffs for the “economic losses stemming from the wrongful death of the decedent[.]” See 03-md-1570 (02-cv-6977) (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD) (FM), Doc. No. 3386, Entered 10/31/2016. In doing so, it adopted the economic loss calculations set forth in the plaintiffs’ economic expert reports. The *Burlingame X* Plaintiffs respectfully ask that this Court award economic damages set forth in the attached Exhibit A to the Granito Decl. and supported by the economic expert reports attached as Exhibit B to the Granito Decl. The Estates listed in Exhibit A opted to seek compensation through the September 11 Victim Compensation Fund of 2001 (the “VCF”) and in connection with that claim, gathered information relevant to the economic losses suffered as result of the decedent’s wrongful death, which included both documentary evidence of decedent’s earnings as well as interviews with decedent’s surviving family members, colleagues and other witnesses. The Estates retained an expert who has rendered opinions as to the economic losses that resulted from their decedents’ wrongful deaths. Submitted as Exhibit B to the Granito Decl. are copies of that economic expert’s reports. The expert reports also include a description of methodology used and the expert’s curriculum vitae. Because of their sheer size and the confidential nature of their contents, the individual expert economic reports for the *Burlingame X* Plaintiffs are being provided to the Court on compact disc as Exhibit B.

² In adopting this estate-accumulations calculation, Judge Lamberth recognized that case law under the FSIA was “develop[ing] ... a federal standard” and looked to the law of the District of Columbia, which it concluded was “an appropriate model” to adopt and which calculated economic damages as the loss of accretions to the decedent’s estate. *Roth*, 78 F.Supp.3d at 82.

Accordingly, the *Burlingame X* plaintiffs respectfully request that the economic damages as set forth in the attached Exhibit A be awarded here, which are the figures calculated by the plaintiffs' economic expert as the economic losses suffered as a result of the wrongful deaths of their decedents and brought to present value.

C. Prejudgment Interest

Additionally, the *Burlingame X* Plaintiffs ask that this Court direct that prejudgment interest of 4.96% running from September 11, 2001 until the date of judgment to the extent that their injuries arose in New York be assessed, as was done previously for the *Ashton* and *Burlingame* plaintiffs, as well as for other plaintiffs in this consolidated litigation.

D. Punitive Damages

Previously, in connection with a motion for final judgment on behalf of other *Ashton* claimants, this Court asked that to expedite issuance of final judgments, they defer decision as to the appropriate quantum of punitive damages. *See* 03-md-1570 (S.D.N.Y.) (GBD)(SN), Doc. No. 3362, Entered 10/14/2016. The *Burlingame* Plaintiffs ask that this Court allow them to submit future applications for punitive damages consistent with any future rulings of this Court.

III. Conclusion

For all the reasons herein, as well as those set forth in the previous submissions of the *Ashton* plaintiffs and other plaintiffs, the *Burlingame X* Plaintiffs respectfully request that this Court grant the proposed Order attached to the Granito Declaration as Exhibit C and (1) award economic loss damages in the amounts set forth in Exhibit A, as supported by the attached economic expert reports and analyses; (2) direct that prejudgment interest of 4.96% running from September 11, 2001 until the date of judgment be assessed; (3) permit *Burlingame X* claimants to submit future applications for punitive damages consistent with any future rulings of

this Court; and (4) permit remaining *Burlingame* claimants to submit motions for final judgment in future stages.

Dated: Rye Brook, New York
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Respectfully submitted,

SPEISER KRAUSE, PC

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